Agro Service Centre Scheme was transferred to the State sector with effect from 1-4-1979.

Recommendations on the pattern of Agricultural Development

1193. SHRI SHANKER SINH VAGHELA: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) what are the recommendations of the Report on the patterns of Indian Agricultural Development—a District Level Study undertaken at the Institute for Studies in Industrial Development about the following points: (i) Investment in water; (ii) Flood control; (iii) Provision of Irrigation; (iv) Watershed management; and (v) Development of infrastructures in new areas and the followup action taken on each recommendations; and

(b) what are the, State-wise, results obtained during the last three years in increasing agricultural production and productivity as a result thereof under; (i) the special Food-grains Production Programme;

(ii) National Watershed Development Programme for Rainfed Agriculture and (iii) Assistance to small and Marginal Farmers?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COOPERATION IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI SHYAM LAL YADAV): (a) The Report on the Patterns in Indian Agricultural Development has made recommendations for larger investments for providing irrigation facilities, water management, adoption of flood control measures, appropriate water preservation technology through watershed management, development of appropriate dryland technology and strengthening of infrastructure including markets, communications, research and extension etc.

These aspects have been taken care through various programmes and activities. These include National Watershed Development Programme for Rainfed Agriculture, larger outlays for increased irrigation facilities and water management alongwith flood control measures, increase in the infrastructural facilities i.e. marketing, storage and strengthening of research and extension system.

(b) A statement giving State-wise details of foodgrains production and productivity in respect of major States is enclosed (*See below*). There has been overall increase in production and productivity during 1988-89 as a result of the implementation of the various development programmes.

Statement

Production and Productivity of Foodgrains from 1986-87 to 1988-89

State	Production in lakh tonnes			Productivity in Kg./Hect.		
	1986-87	1987-88	1988-89 (likely)	1986-87	1987-88	1988-89 (likely)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Andhra Pradesh	91.63	96.91	129.37	1189	1327	1596
Assam	25.88	28.99	26.54	1003	1117	1011
Bihar	109.10	90.75	133.65	1159	990	1363
Gujarat	30.96	13.68	56.97	746	506	1185
Haryana	76.35	63.02	94.61	1843	1939	2255
Himachal Pradesh	11.73	8.72	11.38	1338	1013	1296
Jammu & Kashmir	13.73	9.66	16.19	1565	1100	1697
Karnataka	76.25	63.53	68.04	970	828	964

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Kerala . . .	11.57	10.61	10.40	1661	1668	1702
Madhya Pradesh .	135.22	141.38	159.02	764	817	888
Maharashtra . . .	71.44	110.64	107.37	523	783	748
Orissa . . .	63.88	50.47	68.85	912	756	1018
Punjab . . .	162.92	170.65	165.90	2938	3227	3068
Rajasthan . . .	67.91	48.33	111.91	532	535	872
Tamil Nadu . . .	71.56	75.88	75.57	1731	1690	1837
Uttar Pradesh . .	302.49	280.96	355.58	1468	1457	1700
West Bengal . . .	96.10	103.05	109.19	1539	1634	1672
ALL INDIA .	1434.18	1384.14	1721.76	1128	1166	1335

Losses to NCCF

1194. SHRI SHANKER SINH VAGHELA:

SHRI VIRENDRA VERMA:

Will the Minister of FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to refer to answer to Unstarred Question 495 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 28th April, 1989 and state:

(a) the itemwise and transaction-wise details of losses suffered by NCCF for not maintaining proper accounts;

(b) what action Government propose to take against the Management of NCCF for misrepresentation of facts; and

(c) whether the proceedings against the then Controller of Accounts and Finance have been finalised; if so, the details of action taken thereon; if not, by when the action is likely to be taken against the said officer?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI SUKH RAM): (a) NCCF of India Ltd. have reported that they are dealing in a large number of commodities and it is not feasible to draw profit and loss account for each and every commodity by allocating expenses for each commodity under different heads. However, the NCCF is maintaining trading results in respect of broad commodity groups such as confiscated goods, general merchandise, groceries, textiles, tea, imported goods etc. which are reflected in the accounts of the NCCF for the year 1987-88 (1.7.87 to 30.6.1988) have been audited, copies of which have already been laid on the Tables of both the Houses of Parliament during March, 1989.

(b) Does not arise in view of reply at (a) above.

(c) NCCF have completed the minor penalty proceedings against the then Controller of Accounts & Finance of the NCCF.

Bungling in Consumer Federation

1195. SHRI VIRENDRA VERMA: Will the Minister of FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to refer to the reply to Unstarred Question 1365 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 5th May, 1989 and state:

(a) whether Government, while dispensing with the services of some officers of NCCF applied triple stan-